

Theoretical investigations of $\text{Co}_2\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Cr}_x\text{Sn}$ and $\text{Co}_2\text{MnSn}_{1-y}\text{Si}_y$ pseudo-ternary alloys: First principles calculations

Abstract

The electronic and magnetic properties of $\text{Co}_2\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Cr}_x\text{Sn}$ and $\text{Co}_2\text{MnSn}_{1-y}\text{Si}_y$ alloys are investigated using density functional theory (DFT) within a full-potential linearized augmented-plane-wave (FP-LAPW) method. Amongst the systems under investigation, $\text{Co}_2\text{MnSn}_{1-y}\text{Si}_y$ alloys show half metallicity with 100% spin polarization at the Fermi level, however $\text{Co}_2\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Cr}_x\text{Sn}$ are found to be pseudo-half metals with few minority states at the Fermi level and high spin polarization. The substitution of Si with Sn keeps the magnetic moment constant in $\text{Co}_2\text{MnSn}_{1-y}\text{Si}_y$ alloys, whereas the substitution of Mn with Cr decreases the magnetic moment and degrade the half-metallicity in $\text{Co}_2\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Cr}_x\text{Sn}$ alloys. The Curie temperature is calculated and it is found to be about 928 K for all $\text{Co}_2\text{MnSn}_{1-y}\text{Si}_y$ alloys, whereas it decreases linearly with x for $\text{Co}_2\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Cr}_x\text{Sn}$ alloys. The lattices constants, bulk moduli, energy gaps, polarization ratio and density of states are calculated and their variation versus x or y are discussed. © 2015 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.